## House File 293 - Introduced

HOUSE FILE 293 BY ISENHART

### A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act relating to the control of certain chemicals in public
- 2 drinking water supply systems and consumer products,
- 3 making penalties applicable, and including effective date
- 4 provisions.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

- 1 Section 1. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **455B.176B Drinking water maximum** 2 contaminant levels.
- 3 The commission shall adopt by rule pursuant to chapter 17A
- 4 statewide maximum contaminant levels for perfluorooctanic
- 5 acid, perfluorooctanesulfonate acid, and perfluoroalkyl and
- 6 polyfluoroalkyl substances in public water supply systems
- 7 supplying drinking water. The commission shall adopt separate
- 8 maximum contaminant levels to protect the health of the general
- 9 public and maximum contaminant levels specific to vulnerable
- 10 subpopulations, such as persons who are nursing or pregnant,
- 11 infants, and children. A maximum contaminant level shall
- 12 not exceed any maximum contaminant level or health advisory
- 13 promulgated by the United States environmental protection
- 14 agency.
- 15 Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 455F.12 Upholstered furniture flame
- 16 retardant chemicals.
- 17 l. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise
- 18 requires:
- 19 a. "Flame-retardant chemical" means a chemical or chemical
- 20 compound for which a functional use is to resist or inhibit
- 21 the spread of fire. "Flame-retardant chemical" includes
- 22 halogenated, phosphorus-based, nitrogen-based, and nanoscale
- 23 flame retardants and any chemical or chemical compound for
- 24 which "flame retardant" appears on the substance safety data
- 25 sheet required under 29 C.F.R. §1910.1200(g).
- 26 b. "Upholstered furniture" means residential furniture
- 27 intended for indoor use in a home or dwelling unit and
- 28 consisting in whole or in part of resilient cushioning
- 29 materials enclosed within a covering that consists of fabric or
- 30 related materials.
- 31 2. Except as otherwise provided, a person shall not sell
- 32 or offer to sell or distribute for promotional purposes
- 33 upholstered furniture containing in its fabric or other
- 34 covering or in its cushioning materials more than one-tenth
- 35 of one percent of a flame-retardant chemical or more

- 1 than one-tenth of one percent of a mixture that includes
- 2 flame-retardant chemicals.
- 3 3. Subsection 2 does not apply to the following upholstered
- 4 furniture products containing flame-retardant chemicals:
- 5 a. Used upholstered furniture.
- 6 b. Upholstered furniture purchased for public use in public
- 7 facilities, including schools, jails, and hospitals, that meets
- 8 generally accepted flammability standards for seating furniture
- 9 used in public occupancies.
- 10 c. New upholstered furniture otherwise subject to
- 11 subsection 2 that is sold, offered for sale, or distributed for
- 12 promotional purposes in the state by a retailer or wholesaler
- 13 on or after January 1, 2022, and that was imported into the
- 14 state or otherwise purchased or acquired by the retailer or
- 15 wholesaler for sale or distribution in the state prior to
- 16 January 1, 2022.
- 17 Sec. 3. NEW SECTION. 455F.13 Food packaging fire
- 18 fighting foam fire fighting personal protective equipment —
- 19 perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances.
- 20 1. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise
- 21 requires:
- 22 a. "Class B fire fighting foam" means foam designed to
- 23 extinguish flammable-liquid fires.
- 24 b. "Fire fighting personal protective equipment" means
- 25 any clothing designed, intended, or marketed to be worn by
- 26 fire fighting personnel in the performance of their duties
- 27 during fire and rescue activities, including but not limited
- 28 to jackets, pants, shoes, gloves, helmets, and respiratory
- 29 equipment.
- 30 c. "Food packaging" means a package, including a unit
- 31 package, intermediate package, or shipping container, or
- 32 a packaging component, including any interior or exterior
- 33 blocking, bracing, cushioning, weatherproofing, exterior
- 34 strapping, coating, closure, ink, or label, that is intended
- 35 for the marketing, protection, or handling of a product

- 1 intended for food contact or used to store food for sale.
- 2 d. "Perfluoroalkyl substance" or "polyfluoroalkyl substance"
- 3 means a class of fluorinated organic chemicals containing at
- 4 least one fully fluorinated carbon atom.
- 5 2. Except as otherwise provided, a person shall not
- 6 knowingly manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for
- 7 sale, or distribute for use in this state food packaging,
- 8 class B fire fighting foam, or fire fighting personal
- 9 protective equipment to which a perfluoroalkyl substance or
- 10 polyfluoroalkyl substance has been intentionally added in any
- 11 amount.
- 3. Subsection 2 does not apply to new food packaging, class
- 13 B fire fighting foam, or fire fighting personal protective
- 14 equipment that is sold, offered for sale, or distributed for
- 15 promotional purposes in the state by a retailer or wholesaler
- 16 on or after January 1, 2022, that was imported into the
- 17 state or otherwise purchased or acquired by the retailer or
- 18 wholesaler for sale or distribution in the state prior to
- 19 January 1, 2022.
- 20 Sec. 4. NEW SECTION. 455F.14 Class B fire fighting foam -
- 21 prohibition exceptions.
- 22 1. For purposes of this section, unless the context
- 23 otherwise requires:
- 24 a. "Class B fire fighting foam" means the same as defined
- 25 in section 455F.13.
- 26 b. "Local government" means a county, city, township, fire
- 27 district, or other special purpose district that provides fire
- 28 fighting services.
- 29 c. "Perfluoroalkyl substance" or "polyfluoroalkyl substance"
- 30 means the same as defined in section 455F.13.
- 31 d. "Terminal" means a fuel storage and distribution facility
- 32 that has been assigned a terminal control number by the federal
- 33 internal revenue service.
- 34 2. Except as otherwise provided, a person, local
- 35 government, or state agency shall not discharge or otherwise

- 1 use for training purposes a class B fire fighting foam that
- 2 contains a perfluoroalkyl substance or polyfluoroalkyl
- 3 substance that was intentionally added.
- Subsection 2 does not apply to the use, manufacture,
- 5 sale, or distribution of a class B fire fighting foam that
- 6 includes a perfluoroalkyl substance or polyfluoroalkyl
- 7 substance that was intentionally added when the inclusion of
- 8 the perfluoroalkyl substance or polyfluoroalkyl substance
- 9 is required by federal law. If an applicable federal law
- 10 allows the use of an alternative fire fighting agent that does
- 11 not contain a perfluoroalkyl substance or polyfluoroalkyl
- 12 substance, the department of public health may adopt rules
- 13 that restrict the use, manufacture, sale, and distribution of
- 14 class B fire fighting foam for uses that are addressed by the
- 15 applicable federal law.
- 4. Subsection 2 does not apply to the use, manufacture,
- 17 sale, or distribution of a class B fire fighting foam that
- 18 includes a perfluoroalkyl substance or polyfluoroalkyl
- 19 substance that was intentionally added when the class B fire
- 20 fighting foam is used by a person operating a terminal.
- 21 Sec. 5. PERFLUOROALKYL AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES
- 22 ALTERNATIVES STUDY. The department of public health shall
- 23 conduct a one-year study of alternatives to perfluoroalkyl
- 24 and polyfluoroalkyl substances in food packaging. The
- 25 department shall assess the prevalence of perfluoroalkyl and
- 26 polyfluoroalkyl substances in food packaging and determine
- 27 the risks posed to consumers in the state. The department
- 28 shall identify safe alternative food packaging materials.
- 29 The department shall submit a report to the general assembly
- 30 detailing its findings and recommendations by December 31,
- 31 2022.
- 32 Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE. The following take effect January
- 33 1, 2022:
- 34 The sections of this Act enacting sections 455F.12, 455F.13,
- 35 and 455F.14.

1	EXPLANATION
2	The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.
4	This bill relates to the control of certain chemicals in
5	public drinking water supply systems and consumer products.
6	Current law requires the environmental protection commission
7	to establish rules relating to drinking water standards for
8	public water supply systems, which standards shall specify
9	maximum contaminant levels or treatment techniques necessary
10	to protect the public health and welfare. Current law defines
11	"maximum contaminant level" as the maximum permissible level of
12	any physical, chemical, biological, or radiological substance
13	in water that is delivered to any user of a public water supply
14	system.
15	The bill requires the commission to adopt maximum
16	contaminant levels for perfluorooctanic acid,
17	perfluorooctanesulfonate acid, and perfluoroalkyl and
18	polyfluoroalkyl substances. The bill requires the commission
19	to adopt separate maximum contaminant levels to protect the
20	general public and vulnerable populations.
21	By operation of law, a person who violates a standard adopted
22	by the commission is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed
23	\$5,000 for each day a violation occurs. The director may issue
24	an order directing a person to correct a violation of the
25	standards adopted by the commission. A person against whom an
26	order is issued may initiate a contested case pursuant to Code
27	chapter 17A and the commission may affirm, modify, or vacate
28	an order of the director or may approve the director's request
29	for the attorney general to institute legal proceedings against
30	the person.
31	The bill prohibits the sale of upholstered furniture that
32	contains flame-retardant chemicals or chemical compounds. The
33	bill makes exceptions for used upholstered furniture, certain
34	upholstered furniture purchased for public use in public
35	facilities, and new upholstered furniture that is otherwise

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1 subject to the prohibition but was imported into the state or 2 otherwise purchased or acquired by a retailer or wholesaler for 3 sale or distribution in the state prior to January 1, 2022. The bill prohibits the sale of food packaging, class B fire 5 fighting foam, and fire fighting personal protective equipment 6 that contains a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance 7 that was intentionally added. The bill makes an exception 8 for new food packaging, class B fire fighting foam, and fire 9 fighting personal protective equipment that is otherwise 10 subject to the prohibition but was imported into the state or 11 otherwise purchased or acquired by a retailer or wholesaler for 12 sale or distribution in the state prior to January 1, 2022. The bill also prohibits a person, local government, 13 14 or state agency from discharging or otherwise using for 15 training purposes a class B fire fighting foam that contains 16 a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance that was 17 intentionally added, with certain exceptions. 18 The bill requires the department of public health to 19 conduct a one-year study investigating perfluoroalkyl and 20 polyfluoroalkyl substances in food packaging and finding safe 21 alternative food packaging materials. The department shall 22 submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the 23 general assembly by December 31, 2022. A violation of the provisions in the bill regulating 25 products is a simple misdemeanor. A simple misdemeanor is

26 punishable by confinement for no more than 30 days or a fine 27 of at least \$105 but not more than \$855 or by both. These

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28 provisions take effect January 1, 2022.